Ninth International Conference on Principles of Knowledge Representation and Reasoning KR2004



Conference Brochure

Westin Resort & Spa Whistler, Canada 2 - 5 June 2004

Important Events at a Glance

Tuesday, June 1	KR-MED Workshop			
Wednesday, June 2	KR2004 Technical Program KR2004 Reception at 19:00			
Thursday, June 3	KR2004 Technical Program KR2004 Banquet at 19:00		ICAP	S2004 Tutorial s
Friday, June 4	KR2004 Technical Program ICAPS2004 Reception		ICAPS	2004 Workshops
Saturday, June 5	Joint ICAPS/KR2004 Technical Program Joint ICAPS/KR2004 Festival			
Sunday, June 6	ICAPS2004	NMR2004 D		DL2004
Monday, June 7	ICAPS2004	NMR20	004	DL2004
Tuesday, June 8		NMR20	004	DL2004

Sponsors

Sponsored by Principles of Knowledge Representation and Reasoning, Incorporated (KR Inc.), IBM Research, University of Technology Sydney, Simon Fraser University, American Association for Artificial Intelligence (AAAI) and Canadian Society for the Computational Studies of Intelligence (CSCSI), National ICT Australia, and the *Artificial Intelligence: An International Journal*.

Organisational support was provided by AAAI and the proceedings printed by AAAI Press.

Welcome to KR2004

Welcome to the Ninth International Conference on Principles of Knowledge Representation and Reasoning. Knowledge Representation and Reasoning (KR&R) lies at the crossroads between Artificial Intelligence research and modern Information Technology driven by the World-Wide-Web. Its ambition is to pave the road to the possibility of storing, retrieving and exploiting human knowledge by means of computers in a rational and efficient way. It relies on a blend of logics, graphical representations, and other formal languages for representing and reasoning about one's and other agent's beliefs about time, space, motion, as well as more specific domains of interest. KR&R is multidisciplinary and brings together philosophers, linguists and computer scientists. KR&R provides crucial foundation for a wide range of applications with tremendous potential economic impact.

KR&R conferences have established themselves as the major forum for discussing these issues, and every other year collect a representative selection of the most advanced work in the computational manipulation of knowledge. This tradition goes back to 1989, when Ray Reiter was Conference Chair for the first KR&R conference in downtown Toronto. This year, we are proud to christen the best paper award the *Ray Reiter Best Paper Award* in his honour. This prestigious award is sponsored by *Artificial Intelligence: An International Journal*.

Papers presented at KR2004 span the traditional areas in the field, covering various kinds of logics, languages, reasoning algorithms, and formalisms dedicated to space, time, action, decision and belief, as well as progress on the representation of ontologies, system evaluations, and the formalization of various reasoning issues such as belief revision, information merging, and argumentation. Continuing a fruitful tradition initiated in 2000, the final day of KR2004 is co-organized with the ICAPS2004 planning conference, where papers that lie in the intersection of both conferences are presented with the goal of cross-fertilizing the two areas. The corresponding papers are published in both proceedings. In addition, KR2004 and ICAPS2004 have organized a joint festival which includes the inaugural KR&R Doctorial Consortium. Student travel support for the Doctorial Consortium was provided by AAAI and CSCSI.

KR2004 initiates a new series of invited talks on "Great Moments in Knowledge Representation," sponsored by IBM Research. The first two of these talks will be given by John McCarthy and William Woods. Two more invited talks will be presented by Itzhak Gilboa, who bridges the gap between knowledge representation, decision theory and economics, and Peter Patel-Schneider, who was a major contributor to the development of the semantic web language OWL. Lastly, Patrick Doherty, whose career has included outstanding achievements in both KR and Planning start off our joint day with ICAPS.

Finally, three workshops will take place around KR2004 on Description Logics, Nonmonotonic Reasoning, and Biomedical Knowledge Representation. Enjoy the event, fun, and scholarship filled week in the beautiful setting of Whistler!

Didier Dubois and Chris Welty (Program Chairs), and Mary-Anne Williams (Conference Chair)

General Information

Conference Location

The first three days of KR2004 will be held at the **Westin Resort and Spa**, Whistler, British Columbia, Canada, and the final shared day with ICAPS2004 will be held at the **Whistler Conference Center**. Presentations on the first and third days will be held in the Emerald Rooms, and on the second day they will take place in the Alpine Rooms at the Westin Resort and Spa.

The **KR2004** registration desk will be located at the **Westin Resort and Spa**. Onsite registration will be possible at the registration desk. The KR2004 registration desk will be located on the Conference Level Foyer of the Westin Resort & Spa. Onsite registration will be possible at the registration desk during registration hours. Registration hours are:

Wednesday, June 2	8:00 AM - 5:00 PM
Thursday, June 3	8:00 AM - 5:00 PM
Friday, June 4	8:30 AM - 5:00 PM
Saturday, June 5	8:30 AM - 5:00 PM
Sunday, June 6	8:00 AM - 5:00 PM
Monday, June 7	8:00 AM - NOON

Internet Access at the Westin

A wireless LAN and pre-ordered wireless cards will be available for CAN\$18 for the duration of the KR2004 and ICAPS2004 conferences.

Internet Cafes

Hotbox Coffee & Internet	Jody's Internet Services	Soapy's Internet Station
26B-4314 Main Street, Whistler	122a-4338 Main Street, Whistler	109-4369 Main Street, Whistler
Tel: 1-604-905-5644	Tel: 1-604-932-8380	Tel: 1-604-932-6773

KR2004 Reception at the Westin

The KR2004 Conference Reception will be held on Wednesday, June 2 evening from 19:00 – 20:00 at the Westin Hotel in the **Emerald A Ballroom**.

Banquet

The KR2004 Conference Banquet will be held at 7:00pm on Thursday, June 3 at the restaurant **Araxi** located at 4222 Village Square Whistler (http://www.araxi.com). The banquet is optional and tickets MUST be purchased during registration hours (US\$70) by the lunch break on Wednesday, June 2. Banquet tickets will not be available for sale at the Restaurant.

Presentations

All presentation rooms will include an LCD projector, an overhead projector and sound equipment. All presenters are responsible for bringing their own computer (if necessary). Presentations on the first 3 days are 30 minutes in length and on the final day 25 minutes. Presenters should leave at least 5 mins for questions.

Invited Talks

ADVANCED RESEARCH WITH AUTOMOMOUS UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES

Patrick Doherty University of Linköping, Sweden

The emerging area of intelligent unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) research has shown rapid development in recent years and offers a great number of research challenges for artificial intelligence and knowledge representation. For both military and civilian applications, there is a desire to develop more sophisticated UAV platforms where the emphasis is placed on intelligent capabilities and their integration in complex distributed software architectures. Such architectures should support the integration of deliberative, reactive and control functionalities in addition to the UAV's integration with larger network centric systems.

In my talk I will present some of the research and results from a long term basic research project with UAVs currently being pursued at Linköping University, Sweden. The talk will focus on knowledge representation techniques used in the project and the support for these techniques provided by the software architecture developed for our UAV platform, a Yamaha RMAX helicopter. Additional focus will be placed on some of the planning and execution monitoring functionality developed for our applications in the areas of traffic monitoring, surveying and photogrammetry and emergency services assistance.

Biography

Patrick Doherty is a professor of computer science at the Department of Computer and Information Science (IDA), Linköping University, Sweden. He is the director of the Artificial Intelligence and Integrated Computer Systems Division at IDA and head of the Knowledge Processing Laboratory. He is also President of the Swedish Artificial Intelligence Society. His current research interests include formal knowledge representation and approximate reasoning, automated planning, reasoning about action and change, autonomous aerial robotics systems, and software architectures for autonomous systems.

EVIDENCE AND BELIEF

Itzhak Gilboa Tel-Aviv University, Israel

We discuss the representation of knowledge and of belief from the viewpoint of decision theory. While the Bayesian approach enjoys general-purpose applicability and axiomatic foundations, it suffers from several drawbacks. In particular, it does not model the belief formation process, and does not relate beliefs to evidence. We survey alternative approaches, and focus on formal model of case-based prediction and case-based decisions.

Biography

Itzhak Gilboa is a Professor at Eitan Berglas School of Economics and Recanati School of Business, Tel-Aviv University, and a Fellow of Cowles Foundation for Research in Economics, Yale University. He graduated from Tel-Aviv University (in economics) in 1987, and has been on the faculty of Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University, for ten years before returning to Israel. His main topic of research is decision under uncertainty, in situations where there is too little information for the generation of a Bayesian prior. Together with David Schmeidler, Gilboa has developed axiomatic theories of decision making when information is modeled by sets of prior probabilities, and by cases. Their joint project may be viewed as providing decision theories and axiomatic foundations for formal models representing information and belief that differ from the Bayesian one. The emphasis of this project is not scarcity of information rather than on irrational behavior of mistakes. Other topics that Gilboa has worked on include game theory, computational complexity, social choice, and consumer behavior.

WHAT IS OWL (AND WHY SHOULD I CARE)

Peter Patel-Schneider Bell Labs Research, USA

OWL is the new ontology language produced by the W3C Web Ontology Working Group. OWL is thus poised to be a major formalism for the design and dissemination of ontology information, particularly in the Semantic Web. OWL has influences from several communities, including the RDF community, the Description Logic community, and the frame community. These influences resulted in a wide variety of requirements on OWL, some of which appear to be conflicting. OWL contains innovative solutions to several of these apparent conflicts, but it has not been possible to completely satisfy all the desired requirements for OWL.

In this talk I will describe the development and design of OWL, concentrating on what makes OWL important, the relationship of OWL to other formalisms, the place of OWL in the Semantic Web, the innovative solutions that were required in its design, and the impact of the conflicting requirements on OWL. I will also propose a different foundation for the Semantic Web, one that I think would allow for easier and better development of new formalisms for the Semantic Web.

Biography

Peter F. Patel-Schneider is a Member of Technical Staff in Bell Labs Research. He received his Ph. D. from the niversity of Toronto in 1987. Peter was a member of the Al Principles Research Department at AT&T Bell Laboratories from 1988 to 1995, and went to AT&T Labs---Research when AT&T split up. In August 1997 he rejoined Bell Labs. From 1983 to 1988 he worked in the Al research group at Fairchild and Schlumberger. Peter has taught courses at both the University of Toronto and Rutgers University.

Peter's research interests center on the properties and use of description logics. He has designed and implemented large sections of CLASSIC, a Description Logic-based Knowledge Representation system. He designed and implemented DLP, a heavily-optimized prover for expressive description logics and propositional modal logics. He has performed extensive empirical evaluation of DLP and other provers for description logics and propositional modal logics. He is currently involved with the Web Ontology Working Group of the World Wide Web Consortium, designing the OWL language for representing ontologies in the semantic web.

Peter is also interested in rule-based systems, including more-standard systems derived from OPS as well as newer formalisms such as R++. He designed many of the techniques used in R++ and the R++ translator, and wrote the first several prototype implementations of the R++ translator.

Great Moments in Knowledge Representation and Reasoning

HISTORICAL REMARKS ON NONMONOTONIC REASONING ESPECIALLY CIRCUMSRIPTION John McCarthy Stanford University

Humans have always done nonmonotonic reasoning, but rigorous monotonic reasoning in reaching given conclusions has been deservedly more respected and admired. Euclid contains the first extended monotonically reasoned text available to a large public. I suspect that even Euclid did nonmonotonic reasoning in arguing for the postulates. It is unfortunate that the rigorous monotonic reasoning of Euclid has been de-emphasized in education, because Euclid generates in people who are not mathematically minded a respect for rigor.

Conclusions derived by monotonic logical reasoning from precisely stated premises have always been the ideal. When people jump to conclusions, they are criticized for the gaps in their reasoning, because the conclusions are not guaranteed to follow from the premises. Worse yet, the premises are often unstated.

Biography

John McCarthy is an emeritus professor at Stanford University and living treasure in the field of Knowledge Representation. John completed his PhD in Mathematics at Princeton in 1951 at the age of 23 and since then has been working in the area of Artificial Intelligence. In fact, he is credited with coining the term "Artificial Intelligence" in 1955 and in 1956 he organised the now famous first workshop on Artificial Intelligence at Dartmouth. John has made several groundbreaking discoveries in and contributions to the field of computer science. For example, he invented time sharing, conditional expressions, recursion, and the functional programming language LISP. He developed Situation Calculus with Pat Hayes. Situation Calculus is now one of the major representations used in the field of Reasoning about Actions. These days John is still active in Knowledge Representation and Reasoning and focuses on the ambitious task of modeling commonsense reasoning using logic-based methods.

MEANING AND LINKS: A SEMANTIC ODYSSEY

William Woods Sun Microsystems

"What's in a Link" [Woods, 1975], advocated a standard of rigor for the representational conventions used in semantic networks and has been widely cited as providing a useful perspective for people working in this area. I have been asked how this paper came to be, what was happening in the field at the time, and how the ideas have evolved since then. This talk will describe my perspective on some of the things that led me to write the paper, some of the background thoughts that led to the ideas presented there, and how some of those ideas have evolved since then.

Biography

William A. Woods is a Principal Scientist and Distinguished Engineer at Sun Microsystems Laboratories in Burlington, MA. He is internationally known for his research in natural language processing, continuous speech understanding, and knowledge representation and is currently interested in technology for improving people's access to information. He earned his doctorate at Harvard University, where he then served as an Assistant Professor and later as a Gordon McKay Professor of the Practice of Computer Science. He is a past president of the Association for Computational Linguistics, a Fellow of the American Association for Artificial Intelligence, and a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Dr. Woods built one of the first natural language question answering systems (LUNAR) to answer questions about the Apollo 11 moon rocks for the NASA Manned Spacecraft Center, while he was at Bolt Beranek and Newman (BBN), where he was a Principal Scientist and manager of the Al Department in the '70's and early 80's. He was the principal investigator for BBN's early work in natural language processing and knowledge representation and for its first project in continuous speech understanding. Many people in this field worked for him at BBN and/or were students of his at Harvard. Subsequently, he was Principal Scientist for Applied Expert Systems, Inc. and Principal Technologist for On Technology Inc., two startup companies in Cambridge, Mass., before joining Sun in 1991.

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Mike Wooldridge, University of Liverpool, UK

KR2004 Program

8:45	Wednesday June 2, 2004 – Emerald Rooms, Westin Spa & Resort Opening Ceremonies		
9:00	Invited Talk: Peter Patel-Schneider - What is OWL (and why should I care) Chair: Didier Dubois Room: Emerald C		
10:00	Break		
10:30	Conditioning & Conditional Logics Chair: Andreas Herzig Room: Emerald C Causation and Causal Conditionals John Bell Sleeping Beauty Reconsidered Joseph Halpern Weak Nonmonotonic Probabilistic Logics Thomas Lukasiewicz Knowledge Discovery by Reversing Inductive Knowledge Representation Jens Fisseler, Gabriele Kern-Isberner	Spatial Reasoning Chair: Nicola Guarino Room: Emerald B Multidimensional Mereotopology Antony Galton Parthood as Spatial Inclusion Udo Hahn, Stefan Schulz A Logic-Based Formulation of Active Visual Perception David Randell, Murray Shanahan Indoor Classification and Perceptual Matching Fiora Pirri	
12:30	Lunch	1	
14:00	Great Moments in KR Talk: John McCarthy Historical Remarks on Nonmonotonic Reasoning, Especially Circumscription Chair: Chris Welty Room: Emerald C Space and Time Chair: Anthony Galton Logic of Motion Dana Nau, V.S. Subrahmanian, Fusun Yaman Axiomatizing the Cyclic Interval Calculus Jean-francois Condotta, Gérard Ligozat	Philosophical and Psychological Issues Chair: Thomas Eiter Room: Emerald B What's in a model? Epistemological analysis of Logic Programming Marc Denecker Ontological Theory for Ontology Engineering Werner Ceusters, James Fielding, Jonathan Simon, Barry Smith Intransitivity and Vagueness Joseph Halpern An Experimental Analysis of Possibilistic Default Reasoning Salem Benferhat, Jean François Bonnefon, Rui Da Silva Neves	
16:00	Break	Tan Da Sara Tieres	
16:30	Description Logics Chair: lan Horrocks Room: Emerald C Combining Answer Set Programming with Description Logics for the Semantic Web Thomas Eiter, Thomas Lukasiewicz, Roman Schindlauer, Hans Tompits Reducing SHIQ- Description Logic to Disjunctive Datalog Programs Boris Motik, Ulrike Stattler, Ullrich Hustadt Optimization Techniques for Retrieving Resources Described in OWL/RDF Documents: First Results Volker Haarslev, Ralf Möller	Argumentation Chair: Ramon Pino-Perez Room: Emerald B Reaching Agreement through Argumentation: A Possibilistic Approach Leila Amgoud, Henri Prade Characterization of Semantics for Argument Systems Philippe Besnard, Sylvie Doutre On the use of an ATMS for Handling Conflicting Desires Leila Amgoud, Claudette Cayrol	
19:00	KR2004 Conference Reception in Emerald A Ballroom		

	Thursday June 3, 2004 - Alpine	Rooms, Westin Spa & Resort
8:30	Compact Representations of Preference	Agents
	Chair: David Poole	Chair: Stuart Shapiro
	Room: Alpine ABC	Room: Alpine DE
	Expressive Power and Succinctness of Propositional	A First-Order Theory of Communicating First-Order
	Languages for Preference Representation	Formulas
	Sylvie Coste-Marquis, Jerome Lang,	Ernest Davis
	Paolo Liberatore, Pierre Marquis	Observation Expectation Reasoning in Agent Systems
	Complex Preferences for Answer Set Optimization	Margaret Hamilton, James Harland, Binh Tran
	Gerhard Brewka	Regulative and Constitutive Norms in Normative Multiagent
	GAI Networks for Utility Elicitation	Systems
	Christophe Gonzales, Patrice Perny	Guido Boella, Leendert van der Torre
10:00	Break	
10:30	Ontology	Belief Revision and Update
10.50	Chair: Ernest Davis	Chair: Gabriele Kern-Isberner
	Room: Alpine ABC	Room: Alpine DE
	Social roles and their descriptions	Logical foundations of negotiation: strategies and
	Emanuele Bottazzi, Carola Catenacci,	preferences
	Roberta Ferrario, Aldo Gangemi,	Norman Foo, Rex Kwok, Thomas Meyer,
	Nicola Guarino, Alao Gangemi, Nicola Guarino,Claudio Masolo Laure Vieu	Dongmo Zhang
	*	Distance Semantics for Relevance-Sensitive Belief Revision
	Ontological Knowledge Base Reasoning with Sort-	Samir Chopra, Norman Foo, Pavlos Peppas
	Hierarchy and Rigidity	Explanations as an Unifying Tool for Knowledge Dynamics
	Ken Kaneiwa, Riichiro Mizoguchi	Isabelle Bloch, Ramon Pino-Perez,
	The four dimensions of artifacts	Carlos Uzcategui
	Pawel Garbacz	Updating of a Possibilistic Knowledge Base by Crisp or
	How to Interweave Knowledge about Object	Fuzzy Transition Rules
	Structure and Concepts	Boris Mailhé, Henri Prade
40.00	Carola Eschenbach	Bons maine, Henri Franc
12:30	Lunch Invited Talk: William Woods	Complexity Anglysis I
14:00	Meaning and Links: A Semantic Odyssey	Complexity Analysis I Chair: Tomi Janhunen
	Chair: Chris Welty	Room: Alpine DE
	Room: Alpine ABC	Satisfiability for Propositional Contexts
	Room. Alpine Abo	Floris Roelofsen, Luciano Serafini
		Complexity of Model Checking and Bounded Predicate
	Merging Belief Bases	Arities for Non-ground Answer Set Programming
	Chair: Pavlos Peppas	
	A Split-Combination Method for Merging	T Eiter, W Faber, M Fink, G Pfeifer, S Woltran
	Inconsistent Knowledge Bases in Possibilistic Logic	Automated Reformulation of Specifications by Safe Delay of Constraints
	David Glass, Qi Guilin, Weiru Liu	
	On Merging Strategy-Proofness	Marco Cadoli, Toni Mancini Towards a Structured Analysis of Approximate Problem
	Patricia Everaere, Sébastien Konieczny,	Solving: a Case Study in Classification
	Pierre Marquis	Perry Groot, Annette ten Teije, Frank van Harmelen
16:00	Break	1 city Groot, Mineue ten Teije, Frank van Harmeten
16:30	Logic Programming	Query Processing for Ontologies
10.00	Chair: Fangzhen Lin	Chair: Sheila McIlraith
	Room: Alpine ABC	Room: Alpine DE
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	Causal Logics of Logic Programming	ADDIOXIMALIVE QUELY TECHNIQUES for Agents using
	Causal Logics of Logic Programming Alexander Bochman	Approximative Query Techniques for Agents using Heterogeneous Ontologies
	Alexander Bochman	Heterogeneous Ontologies
	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic	Heterogeneous Ontologies P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas
	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic Programming	Heterogeneous Ontologies *P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas What to Ask to a Peer: Ontology-based Query Reformulation
	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic Programming Luc De Raedt, Jan Ramon	Heterogeneous Ontologies P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas What to Ask to a Peer: Ontology-based Query Reformulation D Calvanese, G De Giacomo, D Lembo, M Lenzerini,
	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic Programming Luc De Raedt, Jan Ramon On Eliminating Disjunctions in Stable Logic	Heterogeneous Ontologies P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas What to Ask to a Peer: Ontology-based Query Reformulation D Calvanese, G De Giacomo, D Lembo, M Lenzerini, R Rosati
	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic Programming Luc De Raedt, Jan Ramon On Eliminating Disjunctions in Stable Logic Programming	Heterogeneous Ontologies P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas What to Ask to a Peer: Ontology-based Query Reformulation D Calvanese, G De Giacomo, D Lembo, M Lenzerini, R Rosati Qualitative Probabistic Matching with Hierarchical
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19:00	Alexander Bochman Condensed Representations for Inductive Logic Programming Luc De Raedt, Jan Ramon On Eliminating Disjunctions in Stable Logic Programming	Heterogeneous Ontologies P Doherty, W Lukaszewicz, A Szalas What to Ask to a Peer: Ontology-based Query Reformulation D Calvanese, G De Giacomo, D Lembo, M Lenzerini, R Rosati Qualitative Probabistic Matching with Hierarchical

10:00 E	Invited Talk: Itzhak Gilboa - Evidence and Belief Chair: Didier Dubois Room: Emerald C	
10.30 E	Break	
	Real Knowledge Representation Systems Chair: Daniel Bobrow Room: Emerald C	Complexity Analysis II Chair: Jerome Lang Room: Emerald B
	A Question-Answering System for AP Chemistry: Assessing KR&R Technologies Ken Barker, Vinay Chaudhri, Jason Chaw, Peter Clark, James Fan, David Israel,	Improving the Forward Chaining Algorithm for Conceptual Graphs Rules Jean-Francois Baget
	Sunil Mishra, Bruce Porter, Pedro Romero, Dan Tecuci, Tomas Uribe, Peter Yeh	Inferential Complexity Control for Model-Based Abduction Gregory Provan
	GlossOnt: A Concept-focused Ontology Building Tool Youngja Park	
	Fowards a Quantitative, Platform-Independent Analysis of Knowledge Systems Noah S. Friedland, Paul G. Allen, Michael Witbrock, Gavin Matthews, Nancy Salay, Pierluigi Miraglia, Jurgen Angele, Steffen Staab, David Israel, Vinay Chaudhri, Bruce Porter, Ken Barker, and Peter Clark	
12:00 L	Lunch	
C	Reasoning about Action Chair: Michael Thielsher Room: Emerald C	Knowledge Representation Logics Chair: Gerhard Brewka Room: Emerald B
S	Situations, si! Situation terms, no! Gerhard Lakemeyer, Hector Levesque	A Logic of Arbitrary and Indefinite Objects Stuart Shapiro
C	C&L Intention Revisited Andreas Herzig, Dominique Longin	Reasoning about Knowledge by Variable Forgetting Guanfeng Lv, Kaile Su, Yan Zhang
I	Discovering State Invariants Fangzhen Lin	Majority Logic Eric Pacuit, Samer Salame
I	Inductive Situation Calculus Marc Denecker, Eugenia Ternovska	Partial Implication Semantics for Desirable Propositions XiaoPing Chen, Yi Zhou
	Reasoning about Triggered Actions in AnsProlog and its Application to Molecular interactions in cells <i>Chitta Baral, Nam Tran</i>	A Logic of Limited Belief for Reasoning with Disjunctive Informatiion Gerhard Lakemeyer, Hector Levesque, Yongmei Liu
	Sessions Close	<u>L</u>

	Saturday June 5, 2004 - Whistler Conference Center
8:50	Opening
9:00	Invited Talk: Patrick Doherty - Advanced Research with Autonomous Unmanned Aerial Vehicles Chair: Mary-Anne Williams Room: Rainbow Theatre
10:00	Break - Valley Foyer
10:25	Cognitive Robotics Chair: Thomas Lukasiewicz Room: Rainbow Theatre
	Extending the Knowledge-Based Approach to Planning with Incomplete Information and Sensing Ronald P. Petrick, Fahiem Bacchus
	Knowledge of Other Agents and Communicative Actions in the Fluent Calculus Yves Martin, Iman Narasamdya, Michael Thielscher
	Precondition Control and the Progression Algorithm: A Situation Calculus Approach Alfredo Gabaldon
	A Preference-Based Interpretation of Other Agents' Actions Jerome Lang
12:05	Lunch
13:30	Knowledge in Planning Chair: Adele Howe Room: Rainbow Theatre
	From Hybrid Systems to Universal Plans via Domain Compilation Anthony Barrett
	Planning Graphs and Knowledge Compilation Hector Geffner
	Domain-Specific Preferences for Causal Reasoning and Planning James Delgrande, Torsten Schaub, Hans Tompits
	Learning Probabilistic Relational Planning Rules Hanna M. Pasula, Luke S. Zettlemoyer, Leslie Pack Kaelbling
15:10	Break - Valley Foyer
15:35	Search in Planning and Scheduling Chair: Robert Holte Room: Rainbow Theatre
	An Improved Integer Local Search for Complex Scheduling Problems Weixiong Zhang, Xiaotao Zhang
	Breadth-First Heuristic Search Rong Zhou, Eric A. Hansen
	Phase Transitions in Classical Planning: An Experimental Study Jussi Rintanen
	A Polynomial Time Algorithm for Constructing k-Maintainable Policies Chitta Baral, Thomas Eiter
17:15	Closing Remarks
18:00	Joint ICAPS/KR FESTIVAL and DOCTORIAL CONSORTIA – Westin Spa and Resort
20:00	KR2004 Closes

KR2004 Program Outline

WEDNES	DAY June 2, 2004 – Emerald Rooms, Westin Spa & Re	sort		
8:45	Opening Ceremonies			
9:00	Invited Speaker: Peter Patel-Schneider			
10:00	Break			
10:30	Conditioning & Conditional Logics	Spatial Reasoning		
12:30	Lunch			
14:00	Great Moments in KR: John McCarthy Philosophical & Psychological Issues			
	Space and Time Philosophical & Psychological Issues			
16:00	Break			
16:30	Description Logics	Argumentation		
18:00	Session	ons End		
19:00	KR Reception in	Emerald A Ballroom		
THURSDA	Y June 3, 2004 – Alpine Rooms, Westin Spa & Resort			
8:30	Compact Representations of Preference	Agents		
10:00	Br	reak		
10:30	Ontology	Belief Revision and Update		
12:30	Lu	ınch		
14:00	Great Moments in KR: William Woods			
	Merging Belief Bases	Complexity Analysis I		
16:00	Break			
16:30	Logic Programming	Query Processing for Ontologies		
18:00	Sessions End			
19:00	Conference Banquet at Araxi			
FRIDAY Ju	Y June 4, 2004 – Emerald Rooms, Westin Spa & Resort			
9:00	Invited Speake	er: Itzhak Gilboa		
10:00	Br	reak		
10:30	Real KR&R Systems Complexity Analysis II			
12:00	Lu	inch		
13:30	Reasoning about Action	Knowledge Representation Logics		
16:00	Session	ons End		
SATURDA	Y June 5, 2004 – Whistler Conference Center			
8:50	Welcome to Joint ICAPS/KR Sessions			
9:00	Invited Speaker: Patrick Doherty			
10:00	Break			
10:25	Cognitive Robotics			
12:05	Lunch			
13:30	Knowledge in Planning			
15:10	Break			
15:35	Search in Planning and Scheduling			
17:15	Closing Remarks			
18:00	ICAPS/KR FESTIVAL & DOCTORIAL CONSORTIA @ Westin Spa & Resort Free with ICAPS or KR registration!			
20:00	KR2004 Concludes Yahoo			